homebuyer must qualify as a low-income family at the time the contract is signed.

- (9) Preserving affordability of housing that was previously assisted with HOME funds.
- (i) To preserve the affordability of HOME-assisted housing a participating jurisdiction may use additional HOME funds for the following costs:
- (A) The cost to acquire the housing through a purchase option, right of first refusal, or other preemptive right before foreclosure, or at the foreclosure sale. (The foreclosure costs to acquire housing with a HOME loan in default are eligible. However, HOME funds may not be used to repay a loan made with HOME funds.)
- (B) The cost to undertake any necessary rehabilitation for the housing acquired.
- (C) The cost of owning/holding the housing pending resale to another homebuyer.
- (D) The cost to assist another homebuyer in purchasing the housing.
- (ii) When a participating jurisdiction uses HOME funds to preserve the affordability of such housing, the additional investment must be treated as an amendment to the original project. The housing must be sold to a new eligible homebuyer in accordance with the requirements of §92.254(a) within a reasonable period of time.
- (iii) The total amount of the original and additional HOME assistance may not exceed the maximum per unit subsidy amount established under §92.250. Alternatively to charging the cost to the HOME program under §92.206, the participating jurisdiction may charge the cost to the HOME program under §92.207 as a reasonable administrative cost of its HOME program, so that the additional HOME funds for the housing are not subject to the maximum perunit subsidy amount. To the extent administrative funds are used, they may be reimbursed, in whole or in part, when the housing is sold to a new eligible homebuyer.
- (b) Rehabilitation not involving acquisition. Housing that is currently owned by a family qualifies as affordable housing only if:
- (1) The estimated value of the property, after rehabilitation, does not ex-

- ceed 95 percent of the median purchase price for the area, described in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section; and
- (2) The housing is the principal residence of an owner whose family qualifies as a low-income family at the time HOME funds are committed to the housing.
- (c) Ownership interest. The ownership in the housing assisted under this section must meet the definition of "homeownership" in §92.2.
- (d) New construction without acquisition. Newly constructed housing that is built on property currently owned by a family which will occupy the housing upon completion, qualifies as affordable housing if it meets the requirements under paragraph (a) of this section.

[61 FR 48750, Sept. 16, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 61756, Oct. 1, 2002; 68 FR 10161, Mar. 4, 2003; 69 FR 16766, Mar. 30, 2004; 69 FR 68052, Nov. 22, 2004; 72 FR 16685, Apr. 4, 2007]

§ 92.255 Converting rental units to homeownership units for existing tenants.

The participating jurisdiction may permit the owner of HOME-assisted rental units to convert the rental units to homeownership units by selling, donating, or otherwise conveying the units to the existing tenants to enable the tenants to become homeowners in accordance with the requirements of §92.254. If no additional HOME funds are used to enable the tenants to become homeowners, the homeownership units are subject to a minimum period of affordability equal to the remaining affordable period if the units continued as rental units. If additional HOME funds are used to directly assist the tenants to become homeowners, the minimum period of affordability is the affordability period under §92.254(a)(4), based on the amount of direct homeownership assistance provided.

§ 92.256 [Reserved]

§ 92.257 Faith-based activities.

(a) Organizations that are religious or faith-based are eligible, on the same basis as any other organization, to participate in the HOME program. Neither the Federal government nor a State or local government receiving funds under